



SAFETY SHEET

SAFETY DATA SHEET CEMENTMIX

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Cementmix

Product number 11137

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Chemical Waterproofing Agents

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Ecoform Europe
 Steenovenweg 5
 5708 HN Helmond
 The Netherlands
 T: 0031 (0) 85 060 1062
 E: info@ecoformeurope.com
 W: www.ecoformeurope.nl

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone T: 0031 (0) 85 060 1062

Sds No. 11137

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.
 P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
 P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
 P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Classification

Skin Corr. 1A - H314
 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

METHANOL

<=0.5

CAS number: 67-56-1

EC number: 200-659-6

REACH registration number: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
 Acute Tox. 3 - H301
 Acute Tox. 3 - H311
 Acute Tox. 3 - H331
 STOT SE 1 - H370

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air at once. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Ingestion Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that stomach vomit doesn't enter the lungs. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Get medical attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Inhalation	Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth and throat.
Skin contact	Causes burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. May cause permanent damage if eye is not immediately irrigated. Blindness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards	Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.
Hazardous combustion products	When heated, vapours/gases hazardous to health may be formed. Oxides of the following substances: Silicon.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Contain and collect extinguishing water. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Provide adequate ventilation. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
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6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Usage precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Avoid contact with the following materials: Oxidising materials. Acids. Organic peroxides/hydroperoxides. Explosive substance

Storage class Corrosive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Sk

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

DNEL

Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 6.6 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 47 mg/m³
 Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 6.6 mg/kg/day
 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 47 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 4 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 10 mg/m³
 Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10 mg/m³
 Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 4 mg/kg/day
 Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.42 mg/kg/day

PNEC

Fresh water; 4.2 mg/l
 marine water; 0.42 mg/l
 Sediment (Freshwater); 3.3 mg/kg
 Sediment (Marinewater); 0.33 mg/kg
 Soil; 0.54 mg/kg
 STP; > 1 mg/l

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DNEL	<p>Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 260 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 260 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 260 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 260 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/m³</p> <p>Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³</p> <p>General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³</p> <p>General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 50 mg/m³</p> <p>General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 50 mg/m³</p> <p>General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p> <p>General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day</p>
DMEL	<p>Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day</p>
PNEC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l - marine water; 2.08 mg/l - Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l - STP; 100 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kg - Sediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg - Soil; 100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Neoprene. Butyl rubber. Nitrile rubber. Laminate of polyethylene and ethylene vinyl alcohol (PE/EVOH). Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Viton rubber (fluoro rubber). Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of 0.35 mm. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 8 hours. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

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Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Particulate filter, type P2. EN 136/140/141/145/143/149

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH	pH (concentrated solution): 13.0
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	> 64°C @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	> 100°C Closed cup.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Evaporation factor	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Other flammability	No information available.
Vapour pressure	No information available.
Vapour density	No information available.
Relative density	1.29
Bulk density	No information available.
Solubility(ies)	No information available.
Partition coefficient	log Pow: -2.36
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	No information available.
Viscosity	10 cSt @ 25°C
Explosive properties	Not considered to be explosive.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	No information available.
Oxidising properties	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information	No information available.
Refractive index	No information available.
Particle size	No information available.
Molecular weight	No information available.
Volatility	No information available.

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Saturation concentration No information available.

Critical temperature No information available.

Volatile organic compound No information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity The following materials may react with the product: Oxidising agents.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions Not determined.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acids. Oxidising materials. Organic peroxides/hydroperoxides. Explosive substance

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Formaldehyde

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Oral, Rat Estimated value.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 20,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ > 5000 mg/kg, Dermal, Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 60,000.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 600.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Corrosive

Extreme pH ≥ 11.5

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

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Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin contact Causes burns.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Corneal damage. Blindness.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

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Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 300.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 3.0

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Not irritating. Rabbit

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating. Rabbit

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

Germ cell mutagenicity

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Genotoxicity - in vitro	Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. Gene mutation: Negative.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	DNA damage and/or repair: Negative. Mouse
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	
Carcinogenicity	NOAEL 466 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Embryotoxicity: - : , Oral, Mouse Negative. Fetotoxicity: - : , Oral, Mouse Positive.
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u>	
STOT - single exposure	STOT SE 1 - H370
Target organs	Central nervous system Eyes
<u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u>	
STOT - repeated exposure	LOAEL 2340 mg/kg, Oral, Monkey NOAEL 1.06 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat 90 days
Target organs	Eyes Central nervous system
<u>Aspiration hazard</u>	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
<u>Inhalation</u>	
Inhalation	Toxic by inhalation. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo.
<u>Ingestion</u>	
Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed. May cause unconsciousness, blindness and possibly death.
<u>Skin contact</u>	
Skin contact	Toxic in contact with skin.
<u>Eye contact</u>	
Eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation.
Target organs	Kidneys Liver Heart & cardiovascular system
Medical considerations	Liver and/or kidney damage.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment. The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic organisms.

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHANOL

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

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Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)
NOEC, 200 hour: 15800 mg/l, Oryzias latipes (Red killifish)
LC50, 96 hour: > 100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC50, 48 hours: > 10000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

EC50, 96 hour: 22200 - 23400 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates
Daphnia obtusa - Neonate

EC50, 48 hour: 2500 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates
Crangon Crangon (Common sand shrimp)

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC50, 96 hours: 22000 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

EC50, 96 hour: 16.912 mg/l, Marinewater algae
Ulva pertusa

Chronic, NOEC, 96 hour: 9.96 mg/l, Marinewater algae
Ulva pertusa

Acute toxicity - microorganisms IC50, 15 hour: 20000 mg/l,
IC50, 3 hour: > 1000 mg/l,

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHANOL

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 71.5: 5 days
Water - Degradation (%) 95: 20 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No information available.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -2.36

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHANOL

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: < 10, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)

Partition coefficient : -0.82 / -0.66

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

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Mobility The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHANOL

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

METHANOL

Cod 1.42

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1719

UN No. (IMDG) 1719

UN No. (ICAO) 1719

UN No. (ADN) 1719

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name (IMDG) CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name (ICAO) CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S.

Proper shipping name (ADN) CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C5

ADR/RID label 8

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IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group II

ICAO packing group II

ADN packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant
No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation group 18. Alkalis

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code 2R

Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID) 80

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Restrictions (Annex XVII Regulation 1907/2006) This product is/contains a substance that is included in REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) ANNEX XVII - RESTRICTIONS ON THE MANUFACTURE, PLACING ON THE MARKET AND USE OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES, MIXTURES AND ARTICLES. Entry number: 69

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15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<p>ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.</p> <p>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.</p> <p>ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.</p> <p>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.</p> <p>DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.</p> <p>IATA: International Air Transport Association.</p> <p>IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.</p> <p>Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.</p> <p>LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.</p> <p>LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).</p> <p>PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.</p> <p>PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.</p> <p>REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.</p> <p>RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.</p> <p>vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</p> <p>IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.</p> <p>MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.</p> <p>cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity Point Estimate.</p> <p>BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.</p> <p>BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.</p> <p>EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.</p> <p>LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.</p> <p>LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level.</p> <p>NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.</p> <p>NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.</p> <p>NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.</p> <p>LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.</p> <p>DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level.</p> <p>EL50: Exposure Limit 50</p> <p>hPa: Hectopascal</p> <p>LL50: Lethal Loading fifty</p> <p>OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development</p> <p>POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient</p> <p>SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus</p> <p>STP: Sewage Treatment Plant</p> <p>VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds</p>
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	<p>Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity</p> <p>Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)</p> <p>Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)</p>
Key literature references and sources for data	<p>Supplier's information.</p>
Revision comments	<p>NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.</p>

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Revision date	17/10/2019
Version number	2.001
Supersedes date	10/09/2019
SDS number	11137
SDS status	Approved.
Hazard statements in full	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H370 Causes damage to organs.